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• 病例报告 •

隐匿性传导呈伪二度房室传导阻滞心电图分析 1 例

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患者男性,50岁,有高血压病史,陈旧性下壁心肌梗死。心电图分析:P-R间期呈进行性延长,自0.26s开始逐次与QRS波脱离,虽然看似房室传导阻滞文氏现象,但是不见R-R间期进行性缩短,也不见有QRS波脱落,并伴有QRS波挫折,QRS时限0.11s。心率58次/分,绝大多数QRS与P波无关系,P-P间期、R-R间期相等。从梯形图看P-R间期自0.26s开始已经开始干扰了房室交界区的绝对不应期,使下传心室的P波受阻于此,并与窦性心搏相互干扰,故房室传导阻滞不成立。

讨论 心电图显示4相干扰性房室脱节,4相阻滞的产生与舒张电位自动除极化有较密切关系。由于心率减慢,舒张电位水平上移或阈电位水平上移,使窦性激动下传时受阻

于动作电位4相,以致在心电图中呈现隐匿性传导多形多样、单纯性或复杂的心律失常。



图1 患者心电图

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